NEXT TO SILK DEPARTMENT.

Bargains in Satin Surahs, Bargains in Brocade Silks, Bargains in Fancy Silks, Bargains in Plain Silks, Bargains in Fancy Plushes, Bargains in Plain Plushes, **Bargains in Fancy Velvets**

Nos. 301-303 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ESTES, DOAN & GO. Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factors

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

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LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS. 836 Front Street, cor. Union, Memphia, Tenn.

Sole Agentator Meyer's Honougabeia, Westmoreland and Orion Club Whishie Also Agents for the Winship Cotton Gin and Presses. BEAL ESTATE AGENTS.

CLAUDE DUVAL!

his (Thursday) Morning at 10:30 o'ci'l

FOR SALE OR BENT.

OVERTOW & GROSVENOR. Real Estate Dealers AGENTS AND BROKERS, OFFICE, 354 SECOND ST., N.E. Cor. Second and Court. MEMPHIS, 1 1 : 1 TENNESSER.

REAL ESTATE SOUGHT AND SOLD, TAXE FOR RENT OR LEASE.

ROOMS AND BOARD JAMES HOUSE—Second and Adams stre-ard and room \$5 per week. Transients w sed accommodations at low rates.

TWO FRONT ROOMS-With board.

SIRABLE OFFICE On second floor of No. 42 Madison street, Apply to MENKEN'S.

PARTNER-With \$200) cash capital to take hal interest in a general store in thriving tows on C. O. and S. W. R.R. Helecences given and required. Address B. B., Appeal office. WHITE MAN-Reliable and sober, to do gar-dening and housework. O. P., this office. OUSINESS—To sell the best paying business in the city of Mempais. Only a few hundre llars required. For particulars inquire at 446 MAIR STREET.

the city or town of the election district or voting precinct in the county or parish, who shall be of different political parties and able to read and write the English language, and who shall be known and designated as supervisors of election." Now, my dear sirs, I propose to deal fairly with the APPEAL and all of its readers, for I am one of its readers myself; but the thought of the ungrounded authority of United States supervisors is a blunder of the APPEAL, and calculated to mislead the rising generation. The above section is sufficient proof, but I will refer you to several other sections touching on the same subject—2016, 2017.

State-Line road, 6 miles from Mem arm of 29 acres. Apply to H. J. ECKERLY, 836 Front street.

no man will fail to make a living for himself and those dependent upon him, if he will but apply himself with a steady industry. Whatsoever the hand findeth to do, do it with thy might. Don't scorn to be an employe, but so direct yourself that it matters not what honest work you do, you give diguity to the position you fill. Material advancement is not comparable with mental progress. None of us were born wise or grown; so 'tis with success. Commence at the bottom, which is crowded, and at the top, when reached, we will find many vacancies, not filled on account of the inability and inertness of the masses. Disraeli said, cultivate the individual. This is begun with the little ones, and a humane set the present ones will be if still subjected to the barbarous punishment practiced at some of the city schools. Imagine the acute, refined sensibilities of a child blunted by being placed before a whole school holding the left foot in the right hand, or both arms extended over the head supporting a siste, which his

in the right hand, or both arms extended over the head supporting a slate, which his nervous nature had caused him to let fall; and then, too, in the bitter cold weather, when kid-gloved hands are chapped, the little archins are brought up and whipped across the knuckles, made doubly sore by playing "span." Literally, "the worm in the bud" gnaws upon the damask cheek of childhood, rooting out every germ of joyous, happy, contented innocence. The days of the inquisition return. isition return.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS. -Gen. Turner says she is handsome -The Langtry receipts were about \$2700.

-The Legislative Council meets this after -The Jersey Lily has gone, -Katzenberger wants to know what con-ection the Jersey Lily has with the spring

use last night that the man recently cut by John Green was dying. Court yesterday was bray hearing the argument of Deering to the steamer Fulton, a suit for wages.

-Marriage licenses were granted yester-day to James Lee and Corinne Jones, Albert Iceneges and Hester Stephens, George Cow-ans and Sophia Johnson.

-Capt. Ed Hart was introduced to an APPEAL reporter yesterday as Gebhardt, The

Frade Sale of Clothing, Dry Goods, No-

Mass., Daniel Burton, San Francisco, Cal.; J. B. Rozier, St. Louis, Mo. Miss Addie Dean, of Chicago, I'il, and Miss Mamie Kountz, of Allegheny, Pa., daughter of the well-known Capt. Kountz, have been at the Peabody for several days. These two young ladies have reflected honor many that research.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE SMALLPOX

Nowhere to be Found in Memphis, and Dr. Thornton Says He Boes Not Mean It Shall be.

He is Taking Every Precaution Agains Its Entry or Spread-The Places

As the telegraph for the past two or three weeks has been from time to time noting the outbreak at various points throughout the country of smallpox, the last place being at Little Rock, and as it is a subject of vital importance, not only to the citizens of Memphis, but to all this part of the country, an APPEAL reporter was dispatched to Dr. Thornton, president of the Board of Health, to find out just where Memphis stood, whether there was any smallpox in Memphis, and as to what precautions were being taken to prevent its introduction or spread. Dr. Thornton was found at his office on Madisen street, and, as he is a man of business, the reporter proceeded at once to business, the reporter proceeded at once to business. Memphis?" to which Dr. Thornton replied:
"No, sir; there is not a single case within the city limits, nor has there been for the past ten days. The last case was a negro, who was removed from a house in the lower part of the Tenth ward to the County Hospital. The building was thoroughly fumigated, and there has not been a case since. There are, however, several cases in the County Smallpox Hospital, which is four

so that there need not be any uneasiness on that score."

"What precautions are you taking, doctor, against the spread of the disease, should it by accident get into the city?"

"Every precaution. Although a thorough vaccination of the whole city was had last winter and spring, and vaccine matter has since been kept at the office of the Board of Health, and notice given to all who felt so disposed to come there and be vaccinated, and the secretary has been vaccinating at irregular intervals ever since, as an additional precaution, another public vaccination was recently ordered, and two young physicians, Drs. Duke and Finnie, were assigned to the duty of making a thorough house inspection and vaccination among that class of our population who would come within the scope of such service. This work will be continued as long as the necessity for it is thought to exist, and vaccination will be placed within the reach of every man, women and child who will avail themselves of it."

"Do you have any trouble in enforcing vaccination, doctor?"

"Yes, some little. A good many of the colored people do not seem to care much about it, in fact are rather averse to it, so we have to resort to a little mild bulldozing occasionally. We tell them that they must have it done, or, if they get sick, they will be sent to the hospital, which gene ally overcomes their ecruples, and they submit without further trouble. Memphis is now entirely free from the disease, as I have said before, and every precaution will be taken against its introduction or spread, as has been done very successfully for the secretary go at once to the place, determine whether it is smallpox or not, and if it should prove to be such, it is at once removed to the smallpox hospital, unless the parties can give security that they are able to be completely isolated, in which case they are allowed to remain. The house is at once thoroughly fumigated by sulphur, boiling water or by burning, which is at once the cultime of the sulphane. The sum of the sulphane were p

was created by the appearance of three or four cases at Little Rock last week. These are about all the places that I know of where the disease exists, except, perhaps, in a few isolated localities in the Northwest."

"You may repeat," said the doctor, as the reporter bowed himself out, "that we are watchful and vigilant, and that the citizens of Memphis need feel no uneasiness."

If or want of cleanliness or ventilation.

All goods too valuable to be burned, or which cannot be boiled, such as silks, furs, carpets, etc., may be hung up in the room while undergoing sulphur fumigation, and afterward exposed to the air and thoroughly beaten.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Calendar for to-day: No. 6746, S. M. Jones is should be notified at once, and, at the same time, it is the duty of all citizens to take all necessary measures in their power to restrict the disease. Hang up a yellow fisg at the house to warn ignorant persons of danger. All persons should immediately be vaccinated, as they will, by this simple precaution, eacape with, at the worst, varioloid. It is, therefore, vitally important that exposed persons should be vaccinated without delay.

In the absence of a local board of health, it is the duty of the civil authorities to attend to these details. By act of the Legislature, it is the duty of each County Court to provide norrees, sustenance, and pay all other

The state of the s

THE CITY DEBT

Must be Settled by a Special Commission at Fifty-and-Six, the Coupons Not to be Receivable for Taxes.

burned as fast as collected. The night vessels should be kept partly filled with a solution of copperas. All utensils, such as dishus, spoons, etc., should be dipped in boiling water after use.

Fourth—After the recovery of the patient, all bedding, clothes, etc., used in the room, should be boiled at once and thoroughly. Better still to burn them, if of little value. All persons leaving the sick-room should be compelled to bathe well, and to put on a complete change of clothing. The physician in attendance should do the same thing, or wrap himself completely in a linen duster or gum overcoat, and tie a handkerchief around his neck, and these should be deposited in seme outhouse for use on each visit. Fifth—No domestic animals, such as cats and dogs, should be permitted to enter the sick-room. No person visiting a case should be permitted to go to any general assembly, such as church meetings or school, until permission is given by the attending physician. No letters should be sent from the sick-room. Outhouses should be disinfected every few days with copperas.

Sixth—After accuracy and reconstructions and should be sent from the sick-room. The People of the Taxing-District S clare, by a Large Majority, for

He stated the object of the meeting was to discuss the report of the Citizens' Committee. Maj. Meriwether arose and said he had

Sixth—After recovery, patients should be kept to their rooms at least two weeks after all crusts have disappeared, and then bathed and fres:, clean garments put on.

Seventh—In case of death, there should be no public funerai. The body should be wrapped in a sheet saturated with a solution of zinc, four ounces to a half gallon of water, and placed in an airtight coffin, and removed from the sick-room directly to the place of burial. The burial preparations must be conducted by the health or local authorities.

Eighth—After death or recovery, the room some resolutions to offer in lieu of the report of the committee. He according offered the preparations must be conducted by the health or local authorities.

Eighta—After death or recovery, the room should be emptied of its contents, and, while they are being treated as before directed, the house should be theroughly disinfected by burning sulphur. All wooden at eads, and all articles which cannot be boiled, must be left in the room, every possible opening stopped by strips of paper pasted or crammed in them, and then putting about five pounds of sulphur (roll) in an iron vessel with live coals, to be left for twenty-four hours. After this, it should be left open two or three weeks, and then washed with soap and water, or, what is better, plastered or whitewashed. All articles not too valuable should be burned, as well as the house, if but a hut. Especial attention should be directed to the sale or purchase of rags and waster of these commodities. Dealers should insist of these commodities. Dealers should insist on the vaccination of all persons handling the first five years and six per cent. Interest for the first five years and six per cent. there after, is all that we are able to pay, and all that equity and good conscience demands.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this as sense of the sale of a payer pasted or twenty-four hours. After this, it should be left open two or three weeks, and then washed with soap and water, or, what is better, plastered or whitewashed. All articles not too valuable should be burned, as well as the house, if but to the sale or purchase of rags and waster of the sale or purchase of rags and waster of these commodities. Dealers should insist of these commodities. Dealers should insist on the vaccination of all persons handling in or the content of the creditors and opportunity to fund under it.

MAJ, MERIWETHEE'S RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the first five years and six per cent. thereafter, is all that we are able to pay, and all that equity and good conscience demands.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the first five years and ix per cent. therea

and made a full exposition of the city debt. He pointed out the fact that a large number of the bonds were void. In 1882 he said

the courts. He did not see now the District could get along without \$1 50 if it expected to keep up the street work, the sanitation, etc. If the debt was placed at \$5,500,000 and settled at \$2,750,000, the people would have to pay \$1 50 more, which, added to the At the head of the list we place cleanlines; water, air, soap for use in general, are invaluable agents.

Burning.—By no means neglect to burn wereything which cannot be satisfactorily disinfected.

Boiling.—One of the most practical and efficient modes of disinfecting is boiling. Articles of infected clothing, bedding and other things which should not be burned, and when this mode is at all applicable, must be thoroughly boiled for one or two hours, according to the nature of the article.

Chloride of Lime and Chlorine.—There are no better disinfecting agents than these when an infected house, room, furniture, and any articles that cannot be burned or boiled, are of the floors, and under the floors, if such places are accessible. Let it also be mixed with water into a thick cream. This may be done in a saucer or a deep plate. Then let moderately diluted sulphuric acid be added until gases having a strong chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be exposed in the same room. Chlorine gas may be roomed to expose the county of the county At the head of the list we place cleanli-

"No. Every case is reported to the Board flexible and a composition of the state of

fer. He said that there were a large number of citizens who did not agree with the report, as made by the Committee of Sixteen, nor were they in accord with the views of Mr. Meriwether, but thought a middle ground was possible. With a view to harmony he therefore offered his resolutions. The following are Mr. Peters's resolutions:

The following are Mr. Peters's resolutions:

Resolved, That we are anxious to adjust all questions touching the old city debt, upon a basis that will be acceptable to the creditors, and to begin and continue to pay on such basis until the amount agreed upon shall be paid in full.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to the change of our present form of local collections offered by Mr. Peters.

Mr. Godwin and Maj. Cooper were appointed to count the vota. Mr. Peters.

Mr. Godwin and Maj. Cooper were appointed to count the vota. Mr. Peters.

Mr. Godwin and Maj. Cooper were appointed to count the vota. Mr. Peters's resolutions were adopted by a vote of 150 to 75. Record, That we are unafterably opposed to the change of our present form of local government so as to authorize it to issue bonds or exercise the taxing power for any purpose, and therefore cannot consent to the issue of bonds by the Taxing-District and the exercise of the taxing power as elements of the compromise and adjustment.

SOURCE STREET, STREET,

appointed to prepare a proper bill, embedy-ing the foregoing views, for passage by the Legislature into a law. Mr. R. Dudley Frayer wanted to know who was to be bound for the payment of the debt, the State of Tennessee or the people of

debt, the State of Tennessee or the people of Memphis.

Mr. Peters said that he had cast his fortone with the people of Memphis. It was necessary to speak of the condition of Memphis. The boom was all a myth. He said that it was impossible for the people to meet the requirements of the compromise suggested by the report of the committee. Under the resolutions offered the debt could be readily met. The first year, instead of the people having to pay \$180,000, they would only have to pay \$90,000. The most absolute security was given the crediter, it seemed to him, by these resolutions. The people to him, by these resolutions. The people say that in good faith they will ask the Legislature to levy the taxes. In answer to Col. Frayeer, he had the opinion of several able-lawyers that it was simply a matter of form as to who should issue the bonds. The peo-ple wacted to put a stop to the interminable itigation and to meet the creditor on fair grounds. This was no clever subterfuge to put the creditor off, but was offered in good laith.

Loud calls were then made for Judge of the committee. He according offered the following resolutions:

MERIWETHER'S BESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the settlement of the Memphis city debt offered the creditors in the act the first five years and six per cent. Interest for the first five years and six per cent. thereafter, is all that we are able to pay, and all that equity and good conscience demands.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this assemblage, that said act of April, 1881, modified so as to exclude in express terms all illegal indebtedness and to make the commission are well asked to take a bond issued by individuals. Now, as far as I am concerned, I would as soon have a bond issued by a commission as by the Taxingissued by individuals. Now, as far as I am concerned, I would as soon have a bond issued by a commission as by the Taxing-position of the Concernment. Mr. Meriwether wants to know what propositions have been made by the creditors. None whatever. We could not get them to make a proposition. The most favorable reply we ever got from them was that they would in all likelihood agree to the terms of the Flippin compromise, provided of course that the Taxing-District is made liable. My friend Maj. Meriwether waxes very indignant over the coupon feature. He declares that it is uniconstitutional. He has a great horror of mandamuses, and is willing to shoulder a

mandamuses, and is willing to shoulder a musket, take his stand in front of his property and keep off any officer who shall dare levy upon him. What is he doing every day but enforcing mandamus taxes against the people of this city? If this debt was conceived in sin and prolonged in iniquity, why does he not throw up his office? It seems to me that this is the logical deduction.

into the city and was dumped off at the Peabody Hotel, being told that he could not be taken home. He was in favor of fighting the bondholders, and he predicted that about \$1,500,000 could be retired. He said another objection he had to the report was that it made the coupons receivable for taxes. This has already been decided by the Legislature to be unconstitutional.

AN INTERRUPTION.

Mr. Bethel—Are you in favor of repudiation entire in the city and State?

Msj. Meriwether replied: "I will give you a categorical answer: "I favor repudiating all debt that is not just."

Mr. Frayser—Who will you leave it to, to decide whether it is just?

"I propose to fight it as long as I have arms to fight with" said Msj. Meriwether. "I think it is an iniquitous debt; and if we have no other alternstive, we can at least fail back into the body of the county."

MR. EETHEL TO THE PRONT.

When Maj, Meriwether had concluded, Mr. Bethel stated that Maj, Meriwether had accused him of being a lobbyist. He decided that taxing power, it can certainly endow a categorical answer: "I favor repudiating all back into the body of the county."

Vicksburg, January 24.—River stationary. Weather clear. Arrived: Andy Fulton and tow, Pittsburg, last night. She will return during the night. Departed: Mary Houston, Cincinnati, 11 a.m. Sr. Louis, January 24.—Night—River fall-ing steadily, with considerable ice running. Weather clear and warmer; thawed slightly during the day, but is freezing again to-night. No arrivals or departures. CINCINNATI, January 24.—Noon—River 31 feet 6 inches, and rising. Weather clear and warmer; thermometer, 41°. Night—River 31 feet 8 inches, and rising. Weather cloudy and warmer. Departed: Andy Baum, Memphis; Thomas Sherlock, New Orleans.

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Neutralizes at once all noxious odors and gases. Destroys the garms of diseases and sceptic (putrescence) floating impérceptiole in the air, or such as have effected a lodgment in the throat or on the person. A certain remedy against all confagious discuss. Perfectly harmless, used internally or externally.

To Refresh a Sick Person.

contracts.

Ninth—Have a law passed to carry out a settlement on this basis.

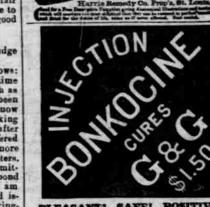
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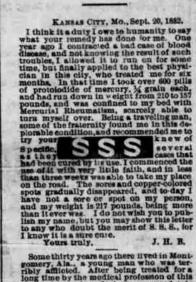
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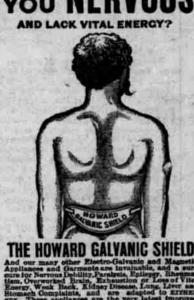
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testify that the disease never made its return. J. W. BISHOP, J. P.,
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To Refresh a Sick Person.

To Refresh a Sick Person.

Adabout twenty does of Darbys Prophylacide creditor to have the right to declare the forfeiture for himself. These terms to be emblodied in a carefully prepared contract. This contract to be negotiable, and not to satisfy the bond or judgment, which it is given to adjust, until it is fully complied with; but such bond or judgment to remain in full force and effect until there is full compliance.

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